

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

F06TTF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F06TTF performs one of the transformations

$$R \leftarrow PUQ^H \quad \text{or} \quad R \leftarrow QUP^H,$$

where U is a given n by n complex upper triangular matrix, P is a given complex unitary matrix, and Q is a complex unitary matrix chosen to make R upper triangular. Both P and Q are represented as sequences of plane rotations in planes k_1 to k_2 .

If SIDE = 'L', then

$$R \leftarrow PUQ^H, \quad \text{where} \quad \begin{aligned} P &= P_{k_2-1} \cdots P_{k_1+1} P_{k_1}, \\ Q &= Q_{k_2-1} \cdots Q_{k_1+1} Q_{k_1}. \end{aligned}$$

If SIDE = 'R', then

$$R \leftarrow QUP^H, \quad \text{where} \quad \begin{aligned} P &= P_{k_1} P_{k_1+1} \cdots P_{k_2-1}, \\ Q &= Q_{k_1} Q_{k_1+1} \cdots Q_{k_2-1}. \end{aligned}$$

In either case P_k and Q_k are rotations in the $(k, k+1)$ plane.

The 2 by 2 rotation part of P_k or Q_k has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_k & \bar{s}_k \\ -s_k & c_k \end{pmatrix}$$

with c_k real.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F06TTF (SIDE, N, K1, K2, C, S, A, LDA)
  INTEGER          N, K1, K2, LDA
  double precision C(*)
  complex*16      S(*), A(LDA,*)
  CHARACTER*1     SIDE
```

3 Description

None.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

- 1: SIDE – CHARACTER*1 *Input*
On entry: specifies whether P is applied from the left or the right in the transformation, as follows:
 if SIDE = 'L', from the left;
 if SIDE = 'R', from the right.
Constraint: SIDE = 'L' or 'R'.
- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrices U and R .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: K1 – INTEGER *Input*
 4: K2 – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the values k_1 and k_2 .
- 5: C(*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*
On entry: $C(k)$ must hold the cosine of the rotation P_k , for $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$.
On exit: $C(k)$ holds the cosine of the rotation Q_k , for $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$.
- 6: S(*) – **complex*16** array *Input/Output*
On entry: $S(k)$ must hold the sine of the rotation P_k , for $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$.
On exit: $S(k)$ holds the sine of the rotation Q_k , for $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$.
- 7: A(LDA,*) – **complex*16** array *Input/Output*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: the n by n upper triangular matrix U .
On exit: the upper triangular matrix R .
- 8: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F06TTF is called.
Constraint: $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.
